

18. Variation and selection

18.3 Selection

Paper 1 and 2

Question Paper

Paper 1

Questions are applicable for both core and extended candidates

- 1 Which statement is an example of natural selection?
 - A choosing donkeys with desirable characteristics to breed
 - B choosing to cross-pollinate wheat plants with the highest yields
 - C inserting genes into a crop plant to improve its nutritional qualities
 - D in wild flowers, the development of petals that look like insects to attract pollinators

- 2 The list shows statements about selection.
 - 1 Individuals reproduce and pass on their alleles to the next generation.
 - 2 Genetic variation exists between individuals and many offspring are produced.
 - 3 Individuals struggle for survival and compete for resources.
 - 4 Individuals that are better adapted to the environment survive.
 - 5 Individuals with desirable features are selected by humans.

Which statements are correct descriptions of natural selection?

 - A 1, 2, 3 and 4
 - B 1, 2 and 5 only
 - C 2, 3 and 4 only
 - D 3, 4 and 5 only

- 3 What is needed for natural selection to take place?
 - A excess resources for the population
 - B no variation within a population
 - C reproduction by individuals that are better adapted to the environment than others
 - D selection by humans of organisms with desired characteristics

4 Which statement about selective breeding is correct?

A It does not involve humans.
B It involves a struggle for survival.
C It always involves only one parent.
D It involves parents that possess desirable features.

5 A species of insect usually has pale-coloured wings. This helps to camouflage them on pale-coloured tree trunks. A few of the insects in this species have darker coloured wings. After a number of years the tree trunks become darker in colour due to environmental changes. The insects with dark-coloured wings become more common than insects with pale-coloured wings in this species. Which process causes this change in the proportion of insects with dark-coloured wings?

A biotechnology
B conservation
C natural selection
D selective breeding

6 The diagram shows some of the stages involved in natural selection in wild rabbits.



Which statement is missing from box Z?

A competition between rabbits for limited resources
B passing on of alleles to the next generation of young rabbits
C production of limited numbers of young rabbits
D selection by humans of rabbits with desirable characteristics

7 A student wrote some statements describing the stages involved during selective breeding of plants.

- 1 Farmers select individual plants with desirable features.
- 2 Farmers cross these individuals to produce the next generation.
- 3 The farmers then select the offspring with the desirable features.

Which statements are correct?

A 1, 2 and 3 **B** 1 and 2 only **C** 1 and 3 only **D** 2 and 3 only

8 Which statement about selective breeding is correct?

A The inheritance of alleles is not involved.
B Only individuals better adapted to the environment will survive.
C Individuals are crossed to produce the next generation.
D There is competition for resources.

9 The statements describe aspects of selective breeding and natural selection.

Which statement applies **only** to selective breeding?

A Humans select individuals which have desirable features.
B Individuals pass their alleles to the next generation.
C There may be a large number of offspring produced.
D There is variation between individual offspring.

10 When is evolution by natural selection most likely to occur?

A when there is a stable population of predators
B when there is a stable environment
C when there is less variation in the population
D when there is more variation in the population

11 What is required for natural selection to occur?

- A genetic variation between individuals
- B humans selecting desirable characteristics
- C no competition between individuals or resources
- D offspring produced by asexual reproduction

Paper 2

Questions are applicable for both core and extended candidates unless indicated in the question

12 The photograph shows a species of fish called a leafy sea-dragon.

Leafy sea-dragons live in areas of the sea where seaweed is present.



Which statements explain how natural selection caused the leafy sea-dragon species to develop? **(extended only)**

- 1 Leafy sea-dragons that looked like seaweed were better adapted to their environment.
- 2 Leafy sea-dragons that survived passed on the allele for their appearance to their offspring.
- 3 Humans selected leafy sea-dragons that looked like seaweed.

A 1, 2 and 3 **B** 1 and 2 only **C** 1 and 3 only **D** 2 and 3 only

13 Which term is used when humans cross individuals with desirable features?

- A** genetic breeding
- B** natural breeding
- C** pure-breeding
- D** selective breeding

14 A species of insect usually has pale-coloured wings. This helps to camouflage them on pale-coloured tree trunks. A few of the insects in this species have darker coloured wings.

After a number of years the tree trunks become darker in colour due to environmental changes. The insects with dark-coloured wings become more common than insects with pale-coloured wings in this species.

Which process causes this change in the proportion of insects with dark-coloured wings?

- A** biotechnology
- B** conservation
- C** natural selection
- D** selective breeding

15 New strains of the crop plant wheat can be produced by cross-breeding disease resistant plants with those that give high yields of grain.

What is this an example of?

- A** natural selection
- B** artificial selection
- C** genetic engineering
- D** asexual reproduction

16 What occurs as a result of artificial selection? **(extended only)**

- A antibiotic resistance in bacteria
- B disease resistant crops
- C presence of roots in cactus plants
- D sickle cell anaemia

17 Which statement explains why the allele for sickle-cell anaemia is commonly found in human populations in certain parts of the world?

- A It is transmitted by mosquitoes.
- B It protects people against malaria.
- C It prevents people being bitten by mosquitoes.
- D It increases oxygen transport.

18 The development of antibiotic resistance in bacteria is an example of which process? **(extended only)**

- A evolution by artificial selection
- B evolution by natural selection
- C variation due to genetic engineering
- D variation due to asexual reproduction

19 Why is the allele for sickle-cell anaemia common in some parts of the world?

- A Malaria protects against sickle-cell anaemia.
- B Sickle-cell anaemia is caused by malaria.
- C Sickle-cell anaemia is transmitted by mosquitoes.
- D The sickle-cell anaemia allele protects against malaria.

20 Which statement describes how a species becomes adapted to its environment?

- A Genetic similarities give rise to different genotypes which may have a reproductive advantage.
- B Genetic variation gives rise to different phenotypes which may have a reproductive advantage.
- C Phenotypic similarities give rise to different genotypes which may have a reproductive advantage.
- D Phenotypic variation gives rise to different phenotypes which may have a reproductive advantage.

21 Which statement describes the relationship between evolution and natural selection?

- A A change in the adaptive features of a population over time causes evolution, resulting in natural selection.
- B Evolution causes a change in the adaptive features of a population over time, resulting in natural selection.
- C Evolution causes natural selection, resulting in a change in the adaptive features of a population over time.
- D Evolution is the change in the adaptive features of a population over time as a result of natural selection.