

# **18. Variation and selection**

## **18.3 Selection**

### **Paper 1 and 2**

#### **Question Paper**

## **Paper 1**

Questions are applicable for both core and extended candidates

- 1 Which statement is an example of natural selection?
- A** choosing donkeys with desirable characteristics to breed
  - B** choosing to cross-pollinate wheat plants with the highest yields
  - C** inserting genes into a crop plant to improve its nutritional qualities
  - D** in wild flowers, the development of petals that look like insects to attract pollinators
- 2 The list shows statements about selection.
- 1 Individuals reproduce and pass on their alleles to the next generation.
  - 2 Genetic variation exists between individuals and many offspring are produced.
  - 3 Individuals struggle for survival and compete for resources.
  - 4 Individuals that are better adapted to the environment survive.
  - 5 Individuals with desirable features are selected by humans.

Which statements are correct descriptions of natural selection?

- A** 1, 2, 3 and 4
  - B** 1, 2 and 5 only
  - C** 2, 3 and 4 only
  - D** 3, 4 and 5 only
- 3 What is needed for natural selection to take place?
- A** excess resources for the population
  - B** no variation within a population
  - C** reproduction by individuals that are better adapted to the environment than others
  - D** selection by humans of organisms with desired characteristics

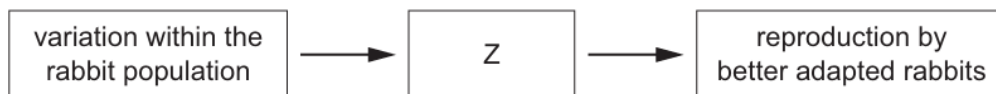
- 4 Which statement about selective breeding is correct?
- A It does not involve humans.
  - B It involves a struggle for survival.
  - C It always involves only one parent.
  - D It involves parents that possess desirable features.

- 5 A species of insect usually has pale-coloured wings. This helps to camouflage them on pale-coloured tree trunks. A few of the insects in this species have darker coloured wings.

After a number of years the tree trunks become darker in colour due to environmental changes. The insects with dark-coloured wings become more common than insects with pale-coloured wings in this species.

Which process causes this change in the proportion of insects with dark-coloured wings?

- A biotechnology
  - B conservation
  - C natural selection
  - D selective breeding
- 6 The diagram shows some of the stages involved in natural selection in wild rabbits.



Which statement is missing from box Z?

- A competition between rabbits for limited resources
- B passing on of alleles to the next generation of young rabbits
- C production of limited numbers of young rabbits
- D selection by humans of rabbits with desirable characteristics

- 7 A student wrote some statements describing the stages involved during selective breeding of plants.

- 1 Farmers select individual plants with desirable features.
- 2 Farmers cross these individuals to produce the next generation.
- 3 The farmers then select the offspring with the desirable features.

Which statements are correct?

- A** 1, 2 and 3      **B** 1 and 2 only      **C** 1 and 3 only      **D** 2 and 3 only

- 8 Which statement about selective breeding is correct?

- A** The inheritance of alleles is not involved.  
**B** Only individuals better adapted to the environment will survive.  
**C** Individuals are crossed to produce the next generation.  
**D** There is competition for resources.

- 9 The statements describe aspects of selective breeding and natural selection.

Which statement applies **only** to selective breeding?

- A** Humans select individuals which have desirable features.  
**B** Individuals pass their alleles to the next generation.  
**C** There may be a large number of offspring produced.  
**D** There is variation between individual offspring.

- 10 When is evolution by natural selection most likely to occur?

- A** when there is a stable population of predators  
**B** when there is a stable environment  
**C** when there is less variation in the population  
**D** when there is more variation in the population

- 11 What is required for natural selection to occur?
- A** genetic variation between individuals
  - B** humans selecting desirable characteristics
  - C** no competition between individuals or resources
  - D** offspring produced by asexual reproduction

## Paper 2

Questions are applicable for both core and extended candidates unless indicated in the question

- 12 The photograph shows a species of fish called a leafy sea-dragon.

Leafy sea-dragons live in areas of the sea where seaweed is present.



Which statements explain how natural selection caused the leafy sea-dragon species to develop? (extended only)

- 1 Leafy sea-dragons that looked like seaweed were better adapted to their environment.
- 2 Leafy sea-dragons that survived passed on the allele for their appearance to their offspring.
- 3 Humans selected leafy sea-dragons that looked like seaweed.

**A** 1, 2 and 3      **B** 1 and 2 only      **C** 1 and 3 only      **D** 2 and 3 only

13 Which term is used when humans cross individuals with desirable features?

- A genetic breeding
- B natural breeding
- C pure-breeding
- D selective breeding

14 A species of insect usually has pale-coloured wings. This helps to camouflage them on pale-coloured tree trunks. A few of the insects in this species have darker coloured wings.

After a number of years the tree trunks become darker in colour due to environmental changes. The insects with dark-coloured wings become more common than insects with pale-coloured wings in this species.

Which process causes this change in the proportion of insects with dark-coloured wings?

- A biotechnology
- B conservation
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15 New strains of the crop plant wheat can be produced by cross-breeding disease resistant plants with those that give high yields of grain.

What is this an example of?

- A natural selection
- B artificial selection
- C genetic engineering
- D asexual reproduction

- 16 What occurs as a result of artificial selection? **(extended only)**
- A antibiotic resistance in bacteria
  - B disease resistant crops
  - C presence of roots in cactus plants
  - D sickle cell anaemia
- 17 Which statement explains why the allele for sickle-cell anaemia is commonly found in human populations in certain parts of the world?
- A It is transmitted by mosquitoes.
  - B It protects people against malaria.
  - C It prevents people being bitten by mosquitoes.
  - D It increases oxygen transport.
- 18 The development of antibiotic resistance in bacteria is an example of which process? **(extended only)**
- A evolution by artificial selection
  - B evolution by natural selection
  - C variation due to genetic engineering
  - D variation due to asexual reproduction
- 19 Why is the allele for sickle-cell anaemia common in some parts of the world?
- A Malaria protects against sickle-cell anaemia.
  - B Sickle-cell anaemia is caused by malaria.
  - C Sickle-cell anaemia is transmitted by mosquitoes.
  - D The sickle-cell anaemia allele protects against malaria.



- 20 Which statement describes how a species becomes adapted to its environment?
- A Genetic similarities give rise to different genotypes which may have a reproductive advantage.
  - B Genetic variation gives rise to different phenotypes which may have a reproductive advantage.
  - C Phenotypic similarities give rise to different genotypes which may have a reproductive advantage.
  - D Phenotypic variation gives rise to different phenotypes which may have a reproductive advantage.
- 21 Which statement describes the relationship between evolution and natural selection?
- A A change in the adaptive features of a population over time causes evolution, resulting in natural selection.
  - B Evolution causes a change in the adaptive features of a population over time, resulting in natural selection.
  - C Evolution causes natural selection, resulting in a change in the adaptive features of a population over time.
  - D Evolution is the change in the adaptive features of a population over time as a result of natural selection.